## Thoughts on Rehearsing

- 1. Good rehearsing is based on good listening.
- 2. Study well, so that you can hear what is happening in the moment. (Toscannini: Study until your eyes burn and you can see the notes when you look away from the page.)
- 3. Conducting comes out of your expectation of what you want to hear. The purpose of study is to *increase the strength of your expectation*.
- 4. Speak in the character of the music.
- 5. Sing for the orchestra.
- 6. Rehearse for attitude as well as for improvement. Think of yourself as a chef who must keep the temperature (energy) of the room at the right level—too high and it boils over, too low and you can't "cook."
- 7. Collect at least two issues before stopping. Stop as little as possible.
- 8. Kurt Masur: What is the one thing I can say that will positively affect the most issues?
- 9. Robert Reynolds: Hit the bullseye with one shot: Use a rifle, not a shotgun.
- 10. Don't anticipate problems. Listen to what they play and respond.
- 11. Furtwangler: Rehearse as much as is necessary in order to be able to improvise at the concert. Not less and not more.
- 12. Barenboim: Rehearsal is not about finding what you want. It is about eliminating what you don't want. Once that is accomplished, you can improvise at the concert with confidence.
- 13. Klemperer: "Nicht auf dem Probieren, aber auf dem Ausprobieren kommt es an." ["The important thing isn't rehearsing, it's experimenting."]
- 14. Karajan: 92% of a great performance can be achieved by eight simple phrases:
  - a. Too loud too soft
  - b. Too high too low
  - c. Too early too late
  - d. Too fast too slow
  - e. Too short too long (Bonus)

Consider now, how many of these can be shown by conducting without stopping and talking.